Amendments to the Claims

The following listing of claims replaces all previous listings and versions of claims in this application.

- 1. (Currently amended) A non-crosslinked polyolefin foam comprising a plastics component and a blowing agent, the plastics component comprising a first constituent and a second constituent, wherein the first constituent is a Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin and the second constituent is a low density polyolefin, and wherein the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin has a polydispersity of less than 10 and a melt flow index less than 10g/10 minutes, and the foam has a density substantially the same as a foam made with 100% low density polyolefin under the same foaming conditions.
- 2. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the second constituent is a low density polyethylene.
- 3. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the plastics component comprises from 1% to 85% by weight of the first constituent, and from 99% to 15% by weight of the second constituent.
- 4. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 3, wherein the plastics component comprises from 5% to 10% by weight of the first constituent, and from 95% to 90% by weight of the second constituent.
- 5. (Currently amended) The polyolefin foam of Claim 3 [[4]], wherein the plastics component comprises from 10% to 15% by weight of the first constituent, and from 90% to 85% by weight of the second constituent.
- 6. (Currently amended) The polyolefin foam of Claim 3 [[5]], wherein the plastics component comprises primarily of from 15% to 20% by weight of the first constituent, and from 85% to 80% by weight of the second constituent.

- 7. (Currently amended) The polyolefin foam of Claim 3 [[6]], wherein the plastics component comprises primarily of from 20% to 25% by weight of the first constituent, and from 80% to 75% by weight of the second constituent.
- 8. (Currently amended) The polyolefin foam of Claim 3 [[7]], wherein the plastics component comprises primarily of from 25% to 30% by weight of the first constituent, and from 75% to 70% by weight of the second constituent.
- 9. (Currently amended) The polyolefin foam of Claim 3 [[8]], wherein the plastics component comprises primarily of from 30% to 35% by weight of the first constituent, and from 70% to 65% by weight of the second constituent.
- 10. (Currently amended) The polyolefin foam of Claim 3 [[9]], wherein the plastics component comprises primarily of from 35% to 40% by weight of the first constituent, and from 65% to 60% by weight of the second constituent.
- 11. (Previously presented) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the foam has a density less than 90 kg/m³.
- 12. (Previously presented) The polyolefin foam of Claim 11, wherein the foam has a density less than 30 kg/m³.
- 13. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the polyolefin foam is a closed-cell foam.
- 14. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the density of the first constituent is from 917 to 930 kg/m³.
- 15. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the crystallization temperatures of the two constituents differ by more than 8°C.

- 16. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 15, wherein the crystallization temperatures differ by more than 12°C.
- 17. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the melt flow index of the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin is less than 5g/10 minutes.
- 18. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the melt flow index of the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin is less than 3g/10 minutes.
- 19. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the polydispersity of the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin is less than 8.
- 20. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 19, wherein the polydispersity of the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin is less than 5.
- 21. (Original) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1 further including nucleating agents and aging agents.
- 22. (Withdrawn and currently amended) A non-crosslinked polyolefin foam comprising a plastics component and a blowing agent, the plastics component comprising a first constituent and a second constituent, wherein the first constituent is a Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyethylene and the second constituent is a polypropylene, and wherein the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyelefin polyethylene has a polydispersity of less than 10 and a melt flow index less than 10g/10 minutes, and the foam has a density substantially the same as a foam made with 100% polypropylene under the same foaming conditions.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The polyolefin foam of Claim 22, wherein the second constituent is a high-melt strength polypropylene.

Claims 24 to 42. (Cancelled)

- 43. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a non-crosslinked polyolefin foam comprising mixing a resin comprising a first constituent and a second constituent in an extruder, adding a blowing agent to the resulting mixture, and extruding the resulting mix into foam form, wherein the first constituent is a Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin and the second constituent is a low density polyolefin, and wherein the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin has a polydispersity of less than 10 and a melt flow index less than 10g/10 minutes, and the foam has a density substantially the same as a foam made with 100% low density polyolefin under the same foaming conditions.
- 44. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the second constituent is a low density polyethylene.
- 45. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the first constituent is present in an amount from 1% to 85% by weight of the total polyolefin content.
- 46. (Original) The method of Claim 45, wherein the first constituent is present in an amount from 5% to 10% by weight of the total polyolefin content.
- 47. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 43 [[46]], wherein the first constituent is present in an amount from 10% to 15% by weight of the total polyolefin content.
- 48. (Original) The method of Claim 43 [[47]], wherein the first constituent is present in an amount from 15% to 20% by weight of the total polyolefin content.
- 49. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 43 [[48]], wherein the first constituent is present in an amount from 20% to 25% by weight of the total polyolefin content.
- 50. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 43 [[49]], wherein the first constituent is present in an amount from 25% to 30% by weight of the total polyolefin content.

- 51. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 43 [[50]], wherein the first constituent is present in an amount from 30% to 35% by weight of the total polyolefin content.
- 52. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 43 [[51]], wherein the first constituent is present in an amount from 35% to 40% by weight of the total polyolefin content.
- 53. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the foam is extruded to a density of less than 90 kg/m³.
 - 54. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the foam is a closed-cell foam.
- 55. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 43, wherein the density of the first constituent is from 917 to 930 kg/m³.
- 56. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the crystallization temperatures of the first and second constituents differ by more than 8°C.
- 57. (Original) The method of Claim 56, wherein the crystallization temperatures of the first and second constituents differ by more than 12°C.
- 58. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the first constituent has a melt flow index of less than 5g/10 minutes.
- 59. (Original) The method of Claim 58, wherein the first constituent has a melt flow index of less than 3g/10 minutes.
- 60. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the polydispersity of the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin is less than 8.
- 61. (Original) The method of Claim 60, wherein the polydispersity of the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyolefin is less than 5.

- 62. (Original) The method of Claim 43, further including mixing nucleating agents and aging agents with the first and second constituents.
- 63. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the resultant mixture is extruded in a twin-screw extruder.
- 64. (Original) The method of Claim 43 further including controlling the melt temperature of the mix during extruding.
- 65. (Original) The method of Claim 64, wherein controlling the melt temperature includes matching the melt temperature of the mix to a pre-determined datum.
- 66. (Original) The method of Claim 65, wherein the pre-determined datum is determined by extruding 100% of the second constituent.
 - 67. (Original) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 43.
- 68. (Withdrawn and currently amended) A method of manufacturing a non-crosslinked polyolefin foam comprising mixing a resin comprising a first constituent and a second constituent in an extruder, adding a blowing agent to the resulting mixture, and extruding the resultant mix into foam form, wherein the first constituent is a Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyethylene and the second constituent is a polypropylene, and wherein the Ziegler-Natta catalyzed linear low density polyelefin polyethylene has a polydispersity of less than 10 and a melt flow index less than 10g/10 minutes, and the foam has a density substantially the same as a foam made with 100% polypropylene under the same foaming conditions.
- 69. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 68, wherein the second constituent is a high-melt strength polypropylene.

Claims 70 to 92. (Cancelled)

- 93. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the foam has a thickness of at least about 0.8 mm.
- 94. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 22, wherein the foam has a thickness of at least about 0.8 mm.
- 95. (New) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 43, wherein the foam has a thickness of at least about 0.8 mm.
- 96. (New) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 68, wherein the foam has a thickness of at least about 0.8 mm.
- 97. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the first constituent and the second constituent are each of the same type of polyolefin.
 - 98. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 97, wherein each polyolefin is polyethylene.
- 99. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different density.
- 100. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 1, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different melt flow index.
- 101. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 99, wherein the first and second constituents also have a different melt flow index.
- 102. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 97, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different density.
- 103. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 97, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different melt flow index.

- 104. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 102, wherein the first and second constituents also have a different melt flow index.
- 105. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 98, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different density.
- 106. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 98, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different melt flow index.
- 107. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 105, wherein the first and second constituents also have a different melt flow index.
- 108. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 22, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different density.
- 109. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 22, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different melt flow index.
- 110. (New) The polyolefin foam of Claim 108, wherein the first and second constituents also have a different melt flow index.
- 111. (New) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 43, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different density.
- 112. (New) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 43, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different melt flow index.
- 113. (New) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 111, wherein the first and second constituents also have a different melt flow index.

- 114. (New) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 68, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different density.
- 115. (New) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 68, wherein the first and second constituents each have a different melt flow index.
- 116. (New) The foam produced according to the method of Claim 114, wherein the first and second constituents also have a different melt flow index.